The purpose of the Residential Security Map is to reflect graphically the trend of desirability in neighborhoods from a residential viewpoint. Four classifications are used as indicated by the legend, namely: First, Second, Third and Fourth grades. The code letters and colors are A, B, C and D, and Green, Blue, Yellow and Red respectively. In establishing the grade of an area, such factors as those are considered: intensity of the sales and rental demand; percentage of home ownership; age and type of building; economic stability of schools, churches, and business centers; transportation methods; topography of the area; and the restrictions set up to protect the neighborhood. The price level of the homes is not the guiding factor.

The first grade or A areas are "hot spots"; they are not yet fully built up. In nearly all instances they are the new well-planned sections of the city, and almost synonymous with the areas where good mortgage lenders with available funds are willing to make their maximum loans to be amortized over a 10-15 year period - perhaps up to 75-80% of the appraisal. They are homogeneous; in demand as residential locations in "good times" or "bad" hence on the up-grade. The Second grade or B areas, as a rule, are completely developed. They are like a 1935 automobile - still good, but not what the people are buying today who can afford a new one. They are the neighborhoods where good mortgage lenders will have a tendency to hold loan commitments 10-15% under the limit. The Third grade or C areas are characterized by age, obsolescence, and change of style; expiring restrictions or lack of them; infiltration of a lower grade population; the presence of influences which increase sales resistance such as inadequate transportation, insufficient utilities, perhaps heavy tax burdens, poor maintenance of homes, etc. "Jerry" built areas are included, as well as neighborhoods lacking homogeneity. Generally, these areas have reached the transition period. Good mortgage lenders are more conservative in the Third grade or C areas and hold loan commitments under the lending ratio for the A and B areas. The Fourth grade or D areas represent those neighborhoods in which the things that are now taking place in the C neighborhoods, have already happened. They are characterized by detrimental influences in a pronounced degree, undesirable population or an infiltration of it, low percentage of home ownership, very poor maintenance and often vandalism prevail. Unstable incomes of the people and difficult collections are usually prevalent. The areas are broader.