PUBLIC UTILITIES

San Francisco's present water supply is in the springs, wells, artesian wells, and lakes of the San Francisco Peninsula and Alameda County. The storage capacity of this supply amounts to 65,120,000,000 gallons. The average daily water consumption during 1936 amounted to 58,000,000 gallons.

San Francisco has insured its future against water shortage with the Hetch Hetchy water supply system, one of the greatest water storage and aqueduct systems of America. With this system San Francisco can draw 400,000,000 gallons daily, enough for a city of 4,000,000 people.

WATER CONSUMERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>102,888</td>
<td>1933</td>
<td>107,912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>104,962</td>
<td>1934</td>
<td>108,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>108,115</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>109,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1932</td>
<td>106,199</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>111,546</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

POWER AND ELECTRICITY

San Francisco is served by one company, the third largest in the United States, which also serves an area of 89,000 square miles in the Central Pacific Coast and which controls forty-nine hydro-electric generating plants and ten steam generating plants, all inter-connected, with total installed capacity of 1,671,037 H. P. Electrical energy sales, exclusive of street lighting and street railways in 1936, amounted to 528,138,212 kilowatt hours in San Francisco.

ELECTRIC CONSUMERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>198,966</td>
<td>1933</td>
<td>200,481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>200,212</td>
<td>1934</td>
<td>204,279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>201,279</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>208,129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1932</td>
<td>199,024</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>213,639</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GAS (NATURAL)

San Francisco is supplied with natural gas by one company whose holder capacity amounts to 32,370,000 cubic feet. Natural gas is available in San Francisco and the Bay Area for industrial, commercial, and domestic purposes at low rates graduated according to the size of the demand of consumer. Industrial and commercial gas sales in 1936 amounted to 8,170,774,500 cubic feet.

GAS CONNECTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>133,199</td>
<td>1933</td>
<td>132,196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>135,085</td>
<td>1934</td>
<td>135,435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>135,306</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>139,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1932</td>
<td>141,570</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>194,129</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TELEPHONES

San Francisco is one of the outstanding cities in the world in the development of telephones, with the third highest per capita, only exceeded by Washington, D.C., and Stockholm, Sweden.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Consumers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>256,375</td>
<td>1933</td>
<td>239,969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>265,868</td>
<td>1934</td>
<td>243,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>261,669</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>250,136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1932</td>
<td>249,061</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>262,733</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Research Department, San Francisco Chamber of Commerce.